

Key Instant Recall Facts

Year 4 – Summer Term 2

I can multiply and divide single-digit numbers by 10 and 100

By the end of this half term, children should know the following facts. The aim is for them to recall these facts **instantly**.

$7 \times 10 = 70$ $10 \times 7 = 70$	30 x 10 = 300 10 x 30 = 300	$0.8 \times 10 = 8$ $10 \times 0.8 = 8$	Key vocabulary
70 ÷ 7 = 10	$300 \div 30 = 10$	8 ÷ 0.8 = 10	What is 5 multiplied by 102
$70 \div 10 = 7$	$300 \div 10 = 30$	$8 \div 10 = 0.8$	What is 5 multiplied by 10? What is 10 times 0.8?
			What is 700 divided by 70?
$6 \times 100 = 600$	40 x 100 = 4000	$0.2 \times 10 = 2$	Thousands, hundreds,
100 x 6 = 600	100 x 40 = 4000	$10 \times 0.2 = 2$	tens, ones, tenths ,
$600 \div 6 = 100$	4000 ÷ 40 = 100	$2 \div 0.2 = 10$	hundredths
600 ÷ 100 = 6	4000 ÷ 100 = 40	$2 \div 10 = 0.2$	

These are just examples of the facts for this half term. They should be able to answer these questions in any order, including missing number questions

e.g.
$$10 \times _{--} = 5 \text{ or }_{--} \div 10 = 60$$

Top tips

The secret to success is practising little and often. Use time wisely. Can you practise these KIRFs while walking to school or during a car journey? You do not need to practise them all at once; perhaps you could have a fact of the day. If you would like more ideas, please speak to your child's teacher.

Practical resources

- It is tempting to tell children that to multiply by ten or one hundred it is just a case of adding zeros to the end of a number. This way of thinking, however, can cause problems when they are trying to multiply and divide decimal numbers as the rule does not work for these numbers. The best way to understand the process for multiplying by ten or one hundred is to show each digit moving in the place value table (place value shift). This rule also works for decimals.
- Buy one get three free If your child knows one fact (e.g. $12 \times 4 = 48$), can they tell you the other three facts in the same fact family?